

## Hip Evaluation Report

Report Date: 12/22/2014

Reference #:

917475

Practice #:

210333A

Radiography Date: 12/20/2014 Date Received: 12/21/2014

PennHIP Member:

DR. KIRSTEN WYLIE

TOTAL VETERINARY SERVICES

PO BOX 21060 **EDGEWARE** 

CHRISTCHURCH, 8043

**NEW ZEALAND** 

Owner:

LEANNE MCTEAR 28 ASHWORTHS RD AMBERLEY, CAN 7184

**NEW ZEALAND** 

ANIMAL

CH ZAUBEREI RUSSIAN MAGIC SPELL (MAGIC)

CANINE / GIANT SCHNAUZER

Date of Birth: 10/1/2012

Weight:

72 lbs.

Age:

26 mo.

Reg. #: 06045-2012

Microchip: 985170002236033

Tattoo:

			RESULTS		
LEFT	Distraction Index (DI)	0.28	DI is less than or equal to 0.30, with no radiographic evidence of DJD		
	Degenerative Joint Disease (DJD)	None			
	Cavitation	No			
	Other Findings	Not Applicable			
RIGHT	Distraction Index (DI)	0.26	DI is less than or equal to 0.30, with no radiographic evidence of DJD		
	Degenerative Joint Disease (DJD)	None			
	Cavitation	No			
	Other Findings	Not Applicable			

Please note that the PennHIP DI is a measure of hip joint laxity, it does not allude to a "passing" or "failing" hip score.

## LAXITY PROFILE RANKING

The laxity profile ranking is based on the hip with the greater laxity (DI). This interpretation is based on a cross-section of 278 CANINE animals of the GIANT SCHNAUZER breed. The median DI for this group is 0.46

Percentiles

	90th	80th	70th	60th	50th	40th	30th	20th	10th	
> 90th					Median					< 10th

The chart above indicates the ranking of your animal's passive hip laxity (DI) in relation to all CANINE animals of the GIANT SCHNAUZER breed in our database. This result means that 1) your animal's hips are tighter than over 90% of the animals in this group, and 2) your animal's hip laxity is in the tighter half of the laxity profile. Breed-specific evaluations are analyzed semi-annually. Consequently, the average laxity and range of laxity for any given group will change over time.

PennHIP does not make specific breeding recommendations. Selection of sire and dam for mating is the decision of the breeder. NOTE: As a minimum breeding criterion, we propose that breeding stock be selected from the population of animals having hip laxity in the tighter half of the breed (to the left of the median mark on the graph). Higher selection pressure equates to more rapid expected genetic change per generation.

By implementing selection based on passive hip laxity, we expect the breed average DI over the years to move toward tighter hip configuration, meaning lower hip dysplasia susceptibility. The PennHIP database permits scientific adjustment of criteria to reflect these shifts; the average laxity and range of laxity for a particular breed will change over time.