

Breed : Affenpinscher
Microchip : 981000004753428

Registration :

Owner : Kirsten Wylie



Case ID : 23436
Lab ID : DOG43512
Date Printed : 24-Mar-14

Canine Profile Report

Orlock Shadow Of The Vampire At Affitude (Teal) - DOG43512

The following DNA profile is a unique representation of the genetic identification of DOG43512

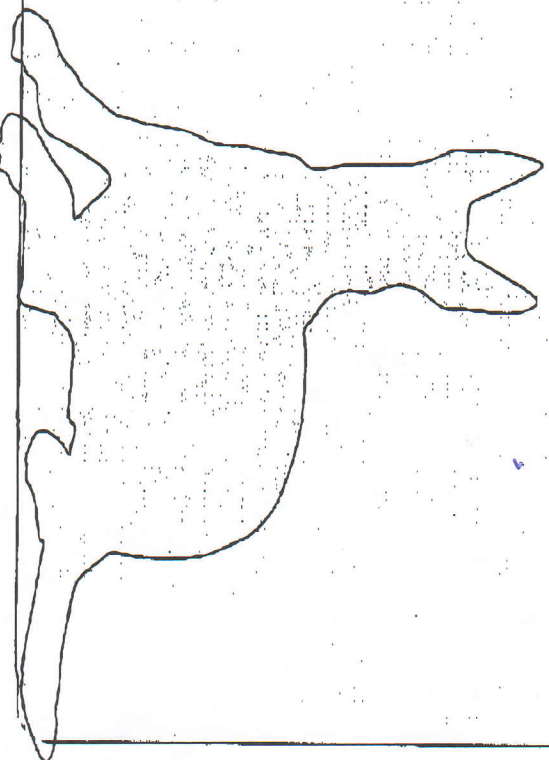
PEZ01	FHC2054	FHC2010	PEZ05	PEZ20	PEZ12	PEZ03	PEZ06	PEZ08	FHC2079	PEZ16
131	168	237	107	185	279	126	195	227	279	296
131	180	237	107	189	287	126	195	231	283	317

Certified Result

Results reviewed and confirmed by
Animal Network

Please visit our website for further details on this DNA test.

www.animalnetwork.com.au



Owner Copy



Hip Evaluation Report

Report Date: 7/16/2013

Reference #: **907832**
Practice #: **184080**

Radiography Date: 7/9/2013
Date Received: 7/9/2013

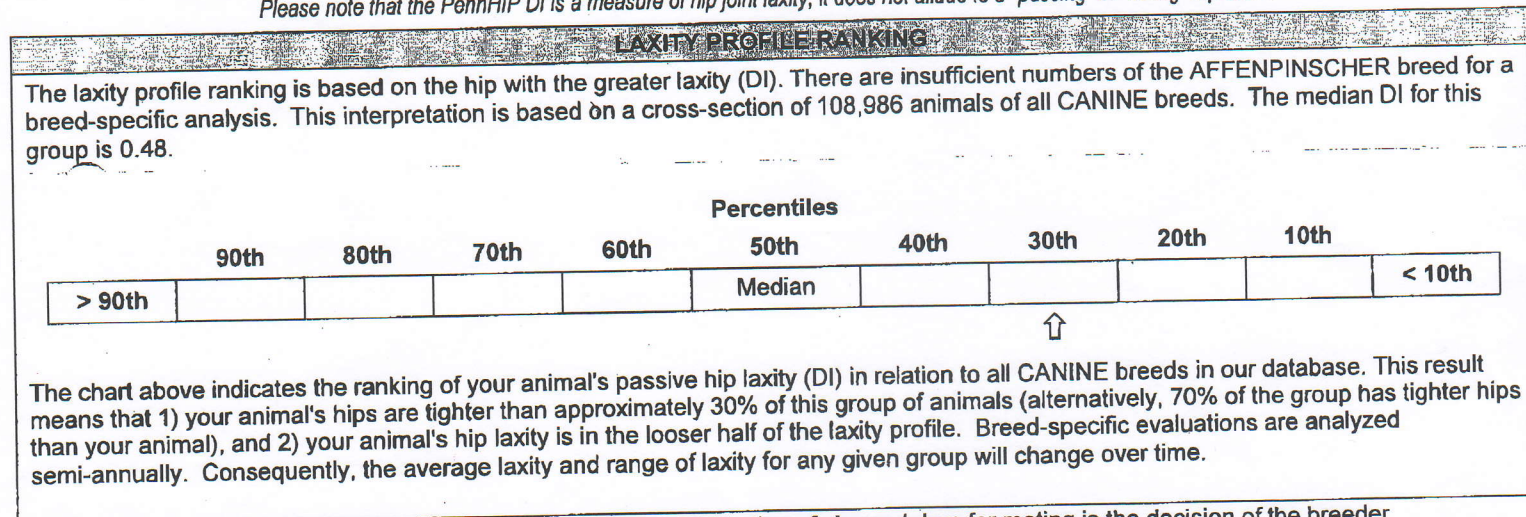
Owner:
KIRSTEN WYLIE
C/O TOTAL VET SERVICES
516 GLOUCESTER STREET
LINWOOD
CHRISTCHURCH, 8011
NEW ZEALAND

PennHIP Member:
DR. KIRSTEN WYLIE
TOTAL VETERINARY SERVICES
PO BOX 21060
EDGEWARE
CHRISTCHURCH, 8043
NEW ZEALAND

ANIMAL	
TEAL	Reg. #: AP00069301
CANINE / AFFENPINSCHER	Microchip: 981000004753428
Date of Birth: 10/20/2011 Sex: F Weight: 8 lbs. Age: 21 mo.	Tattoo:

RESULTS			
LEFT	Distraction Index (DI)	0.63	DI is greater than 0.30 with no radiographic evidence of DJD. There is an increasing risk of developing DJD as the DI increases; low risk when DI is close to 0.30, high risk when DI is close to 0.70 or above.
	Degenerative Joint Disease (DJD)	None	
	Cavitation	No	
	Other Findings	Not Applicable	
RIGHT	Distraction Index (DI)	0.57	DI is greater than 0.30 with no radiographic evidence of DJD. There is an increasing risk of developing DJD as the DI increases; low risk when DI is close to 0.30, high risk when DI is close to 0.70 or above.
	Degenerative Joint Disease (DJD)	None	
	Cavitation	No	
	Other Findings	Not Applicable	

Please note that the PennHIP DI is a measure of hip joint laxity, it does not allude to a "passing" or "failing" hip score.



PennHIP does not make specific breeding recommendations. Selection of sire and dam for mating is the decision of the breeder.

NOTE: As a minimum breeding criterion, we propose that breeding stock be selected from the population of animals having hip laxity in the tighter half of the breed (to the left of the median mark on the graph). Higher selection pressure equates to more rapid expected genetic change per generation.

By implementing selection based on passive hip laxity, we expect the breed average DI over the years to move toward tighter hip configuration, meaning lower hip dysplasia susceptibility. The PennHIP database permits scientific adjustment of criteria to reflect these shifts; the average laxity and range of laxity for a particular breed will change over time.

PennHIP / Veterinary School of the University of Pennsylvania / 3800 Spruce Street / Philadelphia, PA 19104

www.pennhip.org